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FINAL REPORT

VIRUCIDAL HARD-SURFACE EFFICACY TEST – Influenza A Virus (H1N1)

Test Substance Envirocleanse A

Lot Numbers 110218 101918

Test Organism
Influenza A Virus (H1N1), Strain: A/PR/8/34, Charles River Laboratories

Test Guidelines
EPA Guideline 810.2000
EPA Guideline 810.2200 (G)

Author Zheng Chen, M.S.

Study Completion Date 12/04/18

Performing Laboratory
Microbac Laboratories, Inc.
105 Carpenter Drive
Sterling, VA 20164

<u>Laboratory Project Identification Number</u> 668-120

<u>Protocol Identification Number</u> 668.4.10.25.18

Sponsor Envirocleanse LLC 12621 W. Airport Blvd., Ste. 200 Sugar Land, TX 77478

Page 1 of 33

STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY

Title:	VIRUCIDAL HARD-SURFACE EFFICACY TEST – Influenza A Virus
	(H1N1)

Performed by: Microbac Laboratories, Inc.

105 Carpenter Drive Sterling, VA 20164

No claim of confidentiality, on any basis whatsoever, is made for any information contained in this document. I acknowledge that information not designated as within the scope of FIFRA sec. 10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (C) and which pertains to a registered or previously registered pesticide is not entitled to confidential treatment and may be released to the public, subject to the provisions regarding disclosure to multinational entities under FIFRA 10(g).

Submitter signature:		Date:	
Typed Name of Signer:			
Typed Name of Company:	Envirocleanse LLC		

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The following is a detailed description of all differences between the practices used in the study and those required by 40 CFR 160:

• Information on the identity, strength, purity, stability, uniformity, and dose solution analysis of the test substance resides with the sponsor of the study.

Study Director Signature:	Juli X	Date: 1204/201
Typed Name:	Zheng Chen, M.S.	
Typed Name of Laboratory:	Microbac Laboratories, Inc.	
Sponsor signature:		Date:
Typed Name of Signer:	Scott Mack	
Typed Name of Company:	Envirocleanse LLC	
Submitter signature:		Date:
Typed Name of Signer:		
Typed Name of Company:	Envirocleanse LLC	

QUALITY ASSURANCE UNIT STATEMENT

Title of Study: VIRUCIDAL HARD-SURFACE EFFICACY TEST – Influenza A Virus (H1N1)

The Quality Assurance Unit of Microbac has inspected Project Number 668-120 in compliance with current Good Laboratory Practice regulations, (40 CFR § 160).

The dates that inspections were made and the dates that findings were reported to management and to the study director are listed below.

PHASE INSPECTED	DATE OF INSPECTION	DATE REPORTED TO STUDY DIRECTOR	DATE REPORTED TO MANAGEMENT
Protocol	11/08/18	11/08/18	11/08/18
In Process (Test)	11/08/18	11/08/18	11/08/18
Final Report	11/28/18	11/28/18	11/28/18
	Jeanne M. Andere	gg, RQAP-GLP ³	<u>1) -04-)018</u> Date

Quality Assurance Manager

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINAL REPORT - COVER PAGE	1
STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY	2
COMPLIANCE STATEMENT	3
QUALITY ASSURANCE UNIT STATEMENT	4
TABLE OF CONTENTS	5
TEST SUMMARY	6
TEST CONDITIONS	7-8
STUDY DATES AND FACILITIES	8
RECORDS TO BE MAINTAINED	8
CALCULATION OF TITER	9
RESULTS	9-13
CONCLUSIONS	13
APPENDIX I	14
SIGNED PROTOCOL	15-28
PROJECT SHEET(S)	29-30
APPENDIX II	31
CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSES	32-33

TEST SUMMARY

Title: VIRUCIDAL HARD-SURFACE EFFICACY TEST – Influenza A Virus

(H1N1)

Study design: This study was performed according to the signed protocol and project

sheet(s) issued by the Study Director (See Appendix I).

Test substances supplied by the sponsor of the study:

1. Envirocleanse A; Lot No. 110218, received at Microbac on 11/06/18 and assigned DS No. I641.

2. Envirocleanse A; Lot No. 101918, received at Microbac on 11/06/18 and assigned DS No. I642.

Sponsor: Envirocleanse LLC

12621 W. Airport Blvd., Ste. 200

Sugar Land, TX 77478

TEST CONDITIONS

Challenge virus:

Influenza A Virus (H1N1), Strain: A/PR/8/34, Charles River Laboratories

Host:

MDCK cells, ATCC CCL-34

Active ingredients:

Hypochlorous Acid

Neutralizer:

Minimum Essential Media (MEM) + 1% Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS) + 0.5% Na₂S₂O₃ + 0.5% Polysorbate 80

Dilution medium:

MEM + 3ug/mL Trypsin

Dilution:

Ready to use

Contact time:

10 minutes 2 minutes

Contact temperature and relative humidity (RH):

Room Temperature 20±1°C (Actual: 20°C); 33-34% RH

Carrier inoculation and dry time:

Glass carriers were inoculated with 0.4 mL of virus in a 4 in² area and dried for 30 minutes at 20°C and 21-33% RH

Organic load:

5.0% serum in virus inoculum

TEST CONDITIONS (continued)

Test substance application:

The dried virus inoculum was sprayed 3 times from a distance of 6-8 inches until thoroughly wet

Media and reagents:

MEM + 3ug/mL Trypsin MEM + 1% FBS + 0.5% Na₂S₂O₃ + 0.5% Polysorbate 80 MEM + 5% FBS Phosphate Buffered Solution

STUDY DATES AND FACILITIES

The laboratory phase of this test was performed at Microbac Laboratories, Inc., 105 Carpenter Drive, Sterling, VA 20164, from 11/08/18 to 11/14/18. The study director signed the protocol on 11/08/18. The study completion date is the date the study director signed the final report. The individual test date was:

Testing started at 11:58 am on 11/08/18 and ended at 10:15 am on 11/14/18

All changes or revisions of the protocol were documented, signed by the study director, dated and maintained with the protocol.

RECORDS TO BE MAINTAINED

All testing data, protocol, protocol modifications, test substance records, the final report, and correspondence between Microbac and the sponsor will be stored in the archives at Microbac Laboratories, Inc., 105 Carpenter Drive, Sterling, VA 20164, or at a controlled facility off site.

CALCULATION OF TITER

The 50% Tissue Culture Infectious Dose per mL (TCID₅₀/mL) was determined using the Spearman-Karber method using the following formula:

$$m = x_k + \left(\frac{d}{2}\right) - d\sum p_i$$

where:

m = the logarithm of the dilution at which half of the wells are infected relative to the test volume

 x_k = the logarithm of the smallest dosage which induces infection in all cultures

d = the logarithm of the dilution factor

pi = the proportion of positive results at dilution i

 $\sum p_i$ = the sum of p_i (starting with the highest dilution producing 100% infection)

The values were converted to TCID₅₀/mL using a sample inoculum of 1.0 mL.

RESULTS

Results are presented in Tables 1–7.

The Log₁₀ Reduction Factor was calculated in the following manner:

Log₁₀ Reduction Factor = Log₁₀ TCID₅₀ (Plate Recovery Control) - Log₁₀ TCID₅₀ (Test)

The Load (Log₁₀ TCID₅₀) per carrier was calculated in the following manner:

Viral Load (Log₁₀ TCID₅₀) = Virus Titer (Log₁₀ TCID₅₀/mL) + Log₁₀ [volume per carrier (mL)]

Key (for all tables):

T/y = Cytotoxicity observed in y wells inoculated; viral cytopathic effects (CPE) could not be determined

X/y = X wells out of y wells inoculated exhibited positive viral cytopathic effect

0/y = 0 out of y wells inoculated exhibited positive viral CPE; no cytotoxicity or bacterial contamination was observed in any of the wells inoculated

Table 1
Test Substance

Dilution*	Envirocleanse A, 10 minute	
Dilution	Lot No. 110218	Lot No. 101918
10 ⁻²	0/4	0/4
10 ⁻³	0/4	0/4
10 ⁻⁴	0/4	0/4
10 ⁻⁵	0/4	0/4
10 ⁻⁶	0/4	0/4
10 ⁻⁷	0/4	0/4
Titer (Log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /mL)	≤1.50	≤1.50
Load (Log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀) per carrier (0.4 mL of Undilute)	≤1.10	≤1.10
Log ₁₀ Reduction	≥4.25	≥4.25

^{*}Dilution refers to the fold of dilution from the virus inoculum.

Table 2
Test Substance

	Envirocleans	e Δ 2 minute	
Dilution*	Envirocleanse A, 2 minute		
	Lot No. 110218	Lot No. 101918	
10 ⁻²	0/4	2/4	
10 ⁻³	0/4	0/4	
10 ⁻⁴	0/4	0/4	
10-5	0/4	0/4	
10 ⁻⁶	0/4	0/4	
10 ⁻⁷	0/4	0/4	
Titer (Log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /mL)	≤1.50	2.00	
Load (Log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀) per carrier (0.4 mL of Undilute)	≤1.10	1.60	
Log ₁₀ Reduction	≥4.25	3.75	

^{*}Dilution refers to the fold of dilution from the virus inoculum.

Table 3
Neutralizer Effectiveness/Viral Interference and Cytotoxicity Controls

D:1t: *	Envirocleanse A Lot No. 110218	
Dilution*	Neutralizer Effectiveness/ Viral Interference Control	Cytotoxicity Control
10-2	4/4	0/4
10 ⁻³	4/4	0/4
10 ⁻⁴	4/4	0/4

^{*}Dilution refers to the fold of dilution from the mock inoculum.

Table 4
Neutralizer Effectiveness/Viral Interference and Cytotoxicity Controls

Trouble and a state of the stat		
Dilution*	Envirocleanse A Lot No. 101918	
Dilution*	Neutralizer Effectiveness/ Viral Interference Control	Cytotoxicity Control
10-2	4/4	0/4
10 ⁻³	4/4	0/4
10-4	4/4	0/4

^{*}Dilution refers to the fold of dilution from the mock inoculum.

Table 5
Plate Recovery Control

Flate Necovery Control		
Dilution*	Plate Recovery Control	
10 ⁻³	4/4	
10 ⁻⁴	4/4	
10 ⁻⁵	4/4	
10 ⁻⁶	1/4	
10 ⁻⁷	0/4	
10 ⁻⁸	0/4	
Titer (Log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /mL)	5.75	
Load (Log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀) per carrier (0.4 mL of Undilute)	5.35	

^{*}Dilution refers to the fold of dilution from the virus inoculum.

Table 6
Virus Stock Titer Control

Dilution*	Virus Stock Titer Control
10 ⁻⁴	4/4
10 ⁻⁵	4/4
10 ⁻⁶	1/4
10 ⁻⁷	0/4
10 ⁻⁸	0/4
10 ⁻⁹	0/4
Titer (Log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /mL)	5.75

^{*}Dilution refers to the fold of dilution from the virus inoculum.

Table 7
Viability Control Results

Cell Viability Control
0/4
Cells were viable; media was sterile

CONCLUSIONS

According to the US Environmental Protection Agency, the test substance passes the Virucidal Hard-Surface Efficacy Test if there is a $\geq 3 \log_{10}$ reduction on each surface in the presence or absence of cytotoxicity. If cytotoxicity is present, the virus control titer should be increased, if necessary, to demonstrate a $\geq 3 \log_{10}$ reduction in viral titer on each surface beyond the cytotoxic level.

When tested as described, Envirocleanse A, Lot Nos. 110218 and 101918, passed the Virucidal Hard-Surface Efficacy Test when Influenza A Virus (H1N1), containing 5% serum, was exposed to the test substance for 2 and 10 minutes at 20°C and 33-34% relative humidity. All of the controls met the criteria for a valid test. These conclusions are based on observed data.

APPENDIX I

⟨♥⟩MICROBAC®

Microbac Protocol

VIRUCIDAL HARD-SURFACE EFFICACY TEST Influenza A Virus (H1N1)

Testing Facility
Microbac Laboratories, Inc.
105 Carpenter Drive
Sterling, VA20164

Prepared for Envirocleanse LLC 12621 W. Airport Blvd., Ste. 200 Sugar Land, TX 77478

October 25, 2018

Microbac Project: $\frac{68.4.10.25.18}{\sqrt{8-120}}$

OBJECTIVE:

This test is designed to substantiate virucidal effectiveness claims for a test substance to be labeled as a virucide. It determines the potential of the test substance to disinfect hard surfaces contaminated with the test virus. The test is designed to simulate consumer use and conforms to EPA OCSPP 810.2000 (2018) and 810.2200 (2018) Product Performance Test Guidelines, and follows the procedure outlined in the ASTM International test method designated E1053-11, "Standard Test Method to Assess Virucidal Activity of Chemicals Intended for Disinfection of Inanimate, Nonporous Environmental Surfaces".

TESTING CONDITIONS:

Virus will be dried on a suitable sterile hard surface at ambient temperature. One test substance (liquid), two batches (lots), will be tested at two contact times and one replicate (N=1). The test substance will be used to treat the dried virus on a glass Petri dish carrier. After a defined exposure period as specified by the sponsor, the test substance-virus mixture will be neutralized, scraped off from the surface, collected, and tested for the presence of infectious virions.

MATERIALS:

- A. Test, control and reference substances will be supplied by the sponsor of the study (see last page). As per CFR 40.160.105:
 - The identity, strength, purity, and composition, or other characteristics which will appropriately define the test, control, or reference substance shall be determined for each batch and shall be documented by the sponsor before its use in a study. Methods of synthesis, fabrication, or derivation of the test, control, or reference substance shall be documented and retained by the sponsor.
 - When relevant to the conduct of the study the solubility of each test, control, or reference substance shall be determined by the sponsor before the experimental start date. The stability of the test, control, or reference substance shall be determined by the sponsor before the experimental start date or concomitantly according to written standard operating procedures, which provide for periodic analysis of each batch.

Microbac

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

The test substance will be tested as supplied by the sponsor unless directed otherwise. All operations performed on the test substance such as dilution or specialized storage conditions must be specified by the sponsor before initiation of testing.

The sponsor assures Microbac testing facility management that the test substance has been appropriately tested for identity, strength, purity, stability, and uniformity as applicable.

Microbac will retain all unused test substances for a period of one year upon completion of the test, and then discard them in a manner that meets the approval of the safety officer or return them to the Sponsor. The test materials and the paper records will be retained in accordance to FIFRA. Microbac will contact the Study Sponsor to arrange for transfer of records when/if the test substance is returned to the Sponsor.

- B. Materials supplied by Microbac, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Challenge virus (requested by the sponsor of the study): Influenza A Virus (H1N1) A/PR/8/34, Charles River Laboratories
 - 2. Host cell line: MDCK cells, ATCC CCL-34
 - 3. Laboratory equipment and supplies.
 - 4. Media and reagents:

Media and reagents relevant to the virus-host system and test substance being tested will be documented in the first project sheet and data pack.

TEST SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION:

All Petri dishes, dilution tube racks, and host-containing apparatus will be appropriately labeled with the following information: virus, host, and test substance and/or project number.

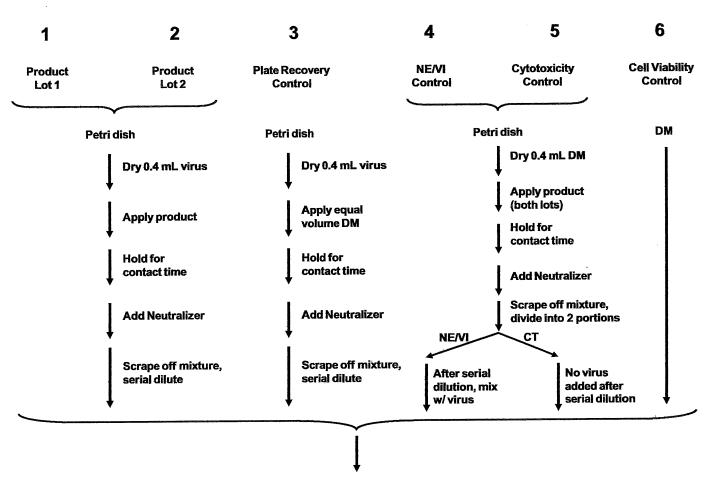
Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

Page 17 of 33 Microba

EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN:

All of the procedures involved in performance of this study are described in a detailed series of SOPs that are maintained at Microbac. SOPs and Logs are referred to in the raw data and are required as part of GLP regulations. The study flow diagram is shown in Figure 1, with details described in the following sections.

FIGURE 1



Inoculate onto host cells, Assay for infectious virus / Cytotoxicity

DM: Dilution Medium

NE/VI: Neutralizer Effectiveness/Viral Interference control

CT: Cytotoxicity Control

Note: Two lots of the test substance (liquid) will be tested at two contact times and one replicate (N=1).

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

Page 18 of 33

A. Inoculum preparation:

Viral stocks are purchased from reputable sources that identify them by scientifically accepted methods and may have been propagated at Microbac. Records are maintained that demonstrate the origin of the virus. The virus stocks are stored at an ultra-low temperature.

Frozen viral stocks will be thawed on the day of the test. Serum will be added to viral stock to achieve an organic load of approximately 5% (if not already 5%), unless otherwise directed by the Sponsor and pre-agreed by Microbac.

Note: a level of approximately $4.8-6.8 \, \text{Log}_{10}$ virus challenge (as indicated by the plate recovery control load) when there is no cytotoxicity associated with the test substance, or approximately $3.0-5.0 \, \text{Log}_{10}$ beyond the level of cytotoxicity when present, should be achieved whenever possible.

B. Carrier preparation:

For each lot and each contact time of the test substance, an aliquot of 0.4 mL of stock virus will be spread over an area of approximately 4 in² that has been marked on the underside of pre-sterilized glass Petri dishes. This volume will remain consistent among all test and control runs. Then the virus will be allowed to dry at ambient temperature. The drying time and temperature will be recorded.

One carrier will be prepared for each lot and each contact time of the test substance using virus. One carrier will be prepared for the plate recovery control using virus. Additionally, one carrier will be prepared for each lot of test substance for the neutralizer effectiveness/viral interference and cytotoxicity controls using media in lieu of virus as the inoculum.

C. Test substance preparation:

Note: Information on the identity, strength, purity, stability, uniformity, and dose solution analysis of the test substance resides with the sponsor of the study.

The test substance will be prepared exactly according to the sponsor's directions (if provided). If the sponsor requests dilution of the test substance, the diluted test substance will be used for testing within three hours of preparation. The prepared

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

Page 19 of 33

test substance, if not within the stipulated test temperature range, will be preequilibrated to the test temperature prior to use in the study as applicable.

D. Test:

Two lots of the test substance (liquid) will be tested at two contact times and one replicate (N=1).

For direct liquid application test substance, for each run, after the inoculum has dried, 2.0 mL of the test agent will be added. The dried virus film must be completely covered by the test agent. The plates will remain at the temperature and for the time specified by the sponsor. After the contact period, the test agent will be neutralized with 2.0 mL of appropriate neutralizer and the mixture will be scraped from the surface of the dish with a cell scraper. This will be considered approximately a 10-1 dilution.

For spray type test substance, an aliquot of the test substance, ready-to-use, will be dispensed into a sterilized spray bottle. The spray bottle will then be shaken 2-3 times to ensure homogeneity and sprayed to charge the spray bottle. A mock spray action will be performed by applying the test substance as the sponsor directs onto at least two blank Petri dishes. Then the volume dispensed onto each dish will be measured and averaged. This averaged volume from the mock spray runs will be used for the neutralizer for all applicable runs and for the Plate recovery control runs. Then the test substance will be sprayed onto the virus carriers in a horizontal position until thoroughly wet from a distance of 6"-8". Each carrier will be held in a horizontal position for the exposure time as specified by the sponsor. After the contact period, the test substance will be neutralized with an appropriate neutralizer using the averaged volume from the mock spray runs; and the mixture will be scraped off from the surface of the dish with a cell scraper. This post-neutralized sample (PNS) will be considered approximately a 10^{-1} dilution.

If Sephacryl columns are used to aid in the neutralization and to further reduce the cytotoxicity, each inoculum/test substance/neutralizer mixture sample will be loaded onto a pre-spun Sephacryl column. Following the passage through columns, the eluates will be aseptically collected and serially ten-fold diluted in DM. If columns are not used, serial ten-fold dilutions of the inoculum/test substance/neutralizer mixture will directly be prepared in DM.

Page 20 of 33

E. Infectivity assay:

The residual infectious virus in all test and control samples will be detected by viral-induced cytopathic effect (CPE).

Selected dilutions of the neutralized inoculum/test substance mixture (test samples) and control samples will be added to cultured host cells (at least four wells per dilution, per reaction mixture) and incubated at 36±2°C with 5±3% CO₂ for total 4 – 6 days. The host cells may be washed twice with phosphate buffered saline prior to inoculation. The inoculated culture will be observed and refed with fresh media as necessary, during the incubation period. These activities, if applicable, will be recorded. The host cells will then be examined microscopically for presence of infectious virions. The resulting virus-specific CPE and test substance-specific cytotoxic effects will be scored by examining all test and control samples. These observations will be recorded.

F. Controls:

1. Plate recovery control (PRC):

This control will be performed in a singlet runs, concurrently with the test substance runs, using the longer contact time as a worst-case scenario.

The virus inoculum will be spread over the surface of a sterile glass Petri dish and left to dry at ambient temperature. A volume of DM equivalent to that of the test substance will be added to the dried virus. Post-contact time, virus will be subjected to the identical neutralization procedure as the test substance. This control will determine the relative loss in virus infectivity resulting from drying and neutralization alone.

The results from this control will be compared with the test results to confirm recovery of at least 4.8-Log₁₀ of infectious virus in this control following drying and neutralization. Its titer will be used to compare with the titers of the test results to reach the acceptable test criteria (see below).

2. Neutralizer effectiveness/Viral interference control (NE/VI):

This control will determine if residual active ingredient is present after neutralization and if the neutralized test substance interferes with the virus

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

Page 21 of 33

infection system. This control will be performed for both lots of test substance at one replicate, using the longer contact time as a worst-case scenario.

The test substance will be processed exactly as the test procedure but in lieu of virus inoculum, dried DM will be exposed to the test substance and assayed as previously described. Post-treatment and neutralization, the neutralized DM/test substance mixture will be divided into two portions, one for cytotoxicity control and the other for neutralizer effectiveness/viral interference control and processed as the test.

If columns are used, each portion will be passed through individual columns and the eluate will be serially diluted ten-fold in DM. If columns are not used, each portion will be directly diluted using serial ten-fold dilutions in DM.

The neutralizer effectiveness/viral interference control sample will be diluted as follows: using dilution test tubes and appropriate pipette, an aliquot of the PNS will be used for making serial 10-fold dilutions in DM (for example, 0.5 mL sample + 4.5 mL DM). Following serial dilution, 0.1 mL of a low titered virus, containing approximately 1,000 - 5,000 infectious units of virus, will be added to 4.5 mL of each dilution and held for a period of no shorter than the contact time. Then these samples will be used to inoculate host cells as described for the test procedure.

Selected dilutions of the sample will be added to cultured cell monolayers at a minimum of four wells per dilution per sample, as described in the "Infectivity Assay" section.

3. Cytotoxicity control (CT):

This control will be performed for both lots of test substance at one replicate, using the longer contact time as a worst-case scenario.

The cytotoxicity sample, acquired from the neutralizer effectiveness/viral interference control run, will be diluted and have no virus added. Selected dilutions will be inoculated and incubated in the same manner as the rest of the test and control samples. These effects are distinct from virus-induced cytopathic effects, which will be evident in the plate recovery control cultures.

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

Page 22 of 33

4. Column titer control (to be performed only if a Sephacryl column is used):

This control will be performed to determine any affect the columns may have on infectious virus titer. It will be performed in a single run.

The sample for this control will be acquired from a portion of the PRC, prior to passing through the columns and will be serially diluted in DM, then processed in the same manner as the test.

5. Cell viability control:

This control will be performed in a single run. It will demonstrate that cells remain viable throughout the course of the assay period. In addition, it will confirm the sterility of the DM employed throughout the assay period. At least four wells of cells will receive only DM and will be incubated and processed with both test and other controls. This will serve as the negative control.

6. Virus Stock Titer control (VST)

This control will be performed in a single run. An aliquot of the virus used in the study will be directly serially diluted and inoculated onto the host cells to confirm the titer of the stock virus. This control will demonstrate that the titer of the stock virus is appropriate for use and that the viral infectivity assay is performed appropriately.

G. Calculation:

The 50% tissue culture infective dose per mL (TCID₅₀/mL) will be determined using the method of Spearman-Karber (Kärber G., Arch. Exp. Pathol. Pharmakol. 1931, 162: 480-483) or other appropriate methods such as Reed and Muench (Am. J. of Hyg. 1938, 27:493). In the case where a sample contains no detectable virus, a statistical analysis may be performed based on Poisson distribution (International Conference on Harmonization, Topic Q5A, 1999: 24-25) to determine the theoretical maximum possible titer for that sample. These analyses will be described in detail in the final report. The test results will be reported as reduction of the virus titer post treatment with the test article expressed as log₁₀.

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

The Virus Load will be calculated in the following manner:

Virus Load (Log_{10} TCID₅₀) = Virus Titer (Log_{10} TCID₅₀/mL) + Log_{10} [Volume per sample (mL)]

The Log₁₀ Reduction Factor (LRF) will be calculated in the following manner:

Log₁₀ Reduction Factor = Initial viral load (Log₁₀ TCID₅₀) - Output viral load (Log₁₀ TCID₅₀)

TEST ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA:

The test will be acceptable for evaluation of the test results if the criteria listed below are satisfied. The study director may consider other causes that may affect test reliability and acceptance.

- The infectious virus recovered from the PRC control must be ≥ 4.8-log₁₀ TCID₅₀ units.
- Viral-induced cytopathic effect must be distinguishable from test substance induced cytotoxic effects (if any).
- Virus must be recovered from the neutralizer effectiveness/viral interference control (not exhibiting cytotoxicity).
- The Cell Viability Control (assay negative control) must not exhibit virus.

TEST SUBSTANCE EVALUATION CRITERIA:

According to the US Environmental Protection Agency, the test substance passes the test if the following are met:

- The product must demonstrate a ≥ 3 log₁₀ reduction on each surface in the presence or absence of cytotoxicity; and
- If cytotoxicity is present, the virus control titer should be increased if necessary to demonstrate a ≥ 3 log₁₀ reduction in viral titer on each surface beyond the cytotoxic level.

PERSONNEL AND TESTING FACILITIES:

A study director will be assigned prior to initiation of the test. Resumes are maintained and are available on request. This study will be conducted at Microbac, 105 Carpenter Drive, Sterling, Virginia 20164.

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

Page 24 of 33

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE AND QUALITY ASSURANCE (GLP studies only):

This study will be performed in compliance with the US Environmental Protection Agency's Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) regulations, 40 CFR 160 (note: information on the identity, strength, purity, stability, uniformity, and dose solution analysis of the test substance resides with the sponsor of the study unless otherwise stated).

The Quality Assurance Unit of Microbac will inspect the conduct of the study for GLP compliance. The dates of the inspections and the dates that findings are reported to the study management and study director will be included in the final report.

PROTOCOL AMENDMENTS AND DEVIATIONS:

Any protocol amendment(s) and protocol deviation(s) identified will be reported in project sheet(s) and included in the final report.

REPORT FORMAT:

Microbac employs a standard report format for each test design. Each final report will provide at least the following information:

- Sponsor identification
- Test substance identification
- Type of assay and project number
- Dates of study initiation and completion
- Interpretation of results and conclusions
- Test results presented in tabular form
- Methods and evaluation criteria, if applicable
- Dates of study initiation and completion (GLP studies only)
- Signed Quality Assurance and Compliance Statements (GLP studies only)
- Certificate of Analysis, if provided by the Sponsor (for GLP studies only)

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

RECORDS TO BE MAINTAINED:

For all GLP studies, the original signed final report will be sent to the Sponsor.

All raw data, protocol, protocol modifications, test substance records, copy of final report, and correspondence between Microbac and the sponsor will be stored in the archives at Microbac, 105 Carpenter Drive, Sterling, Virginia 20164 or in a controlled facility off site.

All changes or revisions to this approved protocol will be documented, signed by the study director, dated and maintained with this protocol. The sponsor will be notified of any change, resolution, and impact on the study as soon as practical.

The proposed experimental start and termination dates; additional information about the test substance; challenge virus and host cell line monolayers used and the type of neutralizers employed in the test will be addressed in a project sheet issued separately for each study. The date the study director signs the protocol will be the initiation date. All project sheets issued will be forwarded to the study sponsor for appropriate action.

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

Page 26 of 33



MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION:

The following information is to be completed by the sponsor prior to initiation of the study (please check all applicable open boxes):

A. Name and address:

Envirocleanse LLC

12621 W. Airport Blvd., Ste. 200

Sugar Land, TX 77478

B. Test substance information:

Test substance name	ANGLITE		
Batch (Lot) No.	Batch (Lot) 1	Batch (Lot) 2	
Bateri (Lot) No.	110218	121918	
Active ingredient(s)	Hypocheonens Acre	Hypochioes Acio	
Manufacture Date	11-3-18	10-19-18	
Expiration Date	1-3-19	12-19-13	
Lower Certified Limit (LCL)?	Yes No N/A	Yes No N/A	
Dilution	■ Ready to use; or ☐ Dilute part(s) concentrate + part(s) diluent		
Diluent	■ Not applicable □ ppm ±2.9% AOAC hard water □ Other		
Spray application	Spray until thoroughly wet; from a distance of 6 – 8 inches		
Contact temperature	Room Temperature (20±1°C)		
Contact time #1			
Contact time #2	<u>10</u> minute(s) <u>0</u>	seconds	
Organic Load	5.0% serum in virus inoculum		

Continued on next page

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

MISC	CELLANEOUS INFORMATION (Continued):
C.	Precautions/storage conditions: MSDS and/or CofA provided: Wes No
	(Note: CofA, if provided, will be included in the final report.) DAKK AMBRET TO MERCET TO MERCE
REP	ORT HANDLING:
The	sponsor intends to submit this information to: (III) US EPA ☐ Other:
STU	DY CONDUCT: GLP
PRO	TOCOL APPROVAL BY SPONSOR:
Spor	ed Name: Scott B MARK Date: 11-5-18
Print	ed Name: Scott B MACK
PRO	TOCOL APPROVAL BY STUDY DIRECTOR (Microbac):
Stud	y Director Signature:
Printe	ed Name: Zheng chen

Jun -

Protocol: 668.4.10.25.18

Page 28 of 33

Date Issued: 11/08/18 P	roject Sheet No. 1 Page	a No. 1 Laborate	ory Project Identification	No. 668-120
Date Issued: 11/08/18 Project Sheet No. 1 Page No. 1 Laboratory Project Identification No. 668-120 STUDY TITLE: VIRUCIDAL HARD-SURFACE STUDY DIRECTOR: Zheng Chen, M.S.				1110. 000 120
EFFICACY TEST – Influenza		Crost bitter on Enough energy inner		
	,	////		al X
		-3/411- 11/08/2018		
TEST SUBSTANCE:		Signature Date LOT NO. DATE RECEIVED: DS NO.		
Envirocleanse A		LOT NO. 110218	11/06/18	1641
Liviloclearise A		101918	11/06/18	1642
PERFORMING DEPARTMEN	IT (S):	STORAGE CONDITIONS: Location: J6		
Virology and Toxicology		■ Dark ■ Ambient	Room Temperature	
	·	☐ Desiccator ☐ Freezer ☐ Refrigerator ☐ Other:		
PROTECTIVE PRECAUTION				
PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION:			1	
PURPOSE: See attached pro				
CONDUCT OF STUDY:			IDAIE: 11/14/10	
SPONSOR: Envirocleanse		CONTACT PERSO	N: Scott Mack	
	ort Blvd., Ste. 200	Email: smack@eco-enviro.com		
Sugar Land, TX	•			
TEST CONDITIONS:				
Challenge organism(s): Influenza A Virus (H1N1), Strain: A/PR/8/34, Charles River Laboratories			boratories	
Host Cell Line: MDCK cells, ATCC CCL-34				
Active ingredient(s): Hypochlorous Acid				
Organic Load:	5.0% serum in vir	5.0% serum in viral inoculum		
Dilution Medium:	Minimum Essentia	Minimum Essential Medium (MEM) + 3μg/mL Trypsin		
Neutralizer(s):	eutralizer(s): MEM + 1% FBS + 0.5% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ + 0.5% Poly-80			•
Dilution:	Dilution: Ready to use			
Contact Time(s):	2 minutes 10 minutes			
Contact Temperature(s):	Contact Temperature(s): Room Temperature (20±1°C)			
Incubation Time(s):	cubation Time(s): 4-6 days			
Incubation Temperature(s):	tion Temperature(s): 36±2°C and 5±3% CO ₂			
Note:	Spray until thoroughly wet from a distance of 6-8 inches			

	IVIICIC	bac Laboratories, inc. 100 Carpenter Dr., o	terinig, virginia 20104		
Date Is	Date Issued: 11/08/18 Project Sheet No. 1 Page No. 2 Laboratory Project Identification No. 668-120			No. 668-120	
STUD	Y TITLE	E: VIRUCIDAL HARD-SURFACE	STUDY DIRECTOR	R: Zheng Chen, M.S.	
EFFIC	ACY T	EST – Influenza A virus (H1N1)			
			11/08/2018		
			Signature	Da	ate
TEST	SUBST	ANCE:	LOT NO.	DATE RECEIVED:	DS NO.
Enviro	cleanse	e A	110218	11/06/18	I641
			101918	11/06/18	1642
PERF	ORMIN	G DEPARTMENT (S):	STORAGE CONDI	TIONS: Location: J6	
Virolog	gy and ⁻	Foxicology	■ Dark ■ Ambient Room Temperature		
☐ Desiccator ☐ Freezer ☐			eezer □ Refrigerator □	Other:	
	CONDUCT OF STUDY: ☐ FDA ■ EPA ☐ R&D ■ GLP ☐ GCP ☐ Other:				
SPON	SOR:	Envirocleanse LLC	CONTACT PERSO	N: Scott Mack	
		12621 W. Airport Ste. 200	Email: smack@eco	-enviro.com	
		Sugar Land, TX 77478			
PROTOCOL AMENDMENTS:					
1.	"Anolit	ge 13, Miscellaneous Information, sectioe". Per the sponsor, this should be "Env protocol.			
2.	date a	ge 13, Miscellaneous Information, sectiond expiration date for batch 1. These she to clarify this section of the protocol.	n B of the protocol, t ould be "11-2-18" an	here are write overs for tl d "1-2-19" respectively. T	ne manufacture This amendment

APPENDIX II

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product: Envirocleanse A.

Active Ingredient: Hypochlorous acid (CAS No. 7790-92-3)

Lot: 110218

Date of Production: 11/02/2018

Analysis Total Chlorine

Date of Analysis: 11/06/2018

Method: Iodometric Determination using Sodium Thiosulfate (HACH Method 8209 by Digital Titrator)

Recult

	Community Fragman Symptomic Symptomic Particle (Switter All All All All All All All All All Al	
	% Total Chlorine	a HOCI
Ĭ,		
7	0.0460	0.0341
H		
350	Tanana managa ma	24-24 101

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EMSL Analytical, Inc.

5950 Fairbanks N. Houston Rd, Houston, TX 77040

Phone: (713):686-3635 Fax: (713):686-3645:Web: www.emsl.com



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Eroduct: Envirocleanse A

Active Ingredient: Hypochlorous acid (CAS No. 7790-92

Lot: 101918

Date of Production: 10/19/2018

Analysis Total Chlorine

Date of Analysis: 11/06/2018

Method: Iodometric Determination using Sodium Thiosulfate (HACH Method 8209 by Digital Titrator)

Result:

	% Total Chlorine % HOCl
N	
	0.0431 0.0319
	NAMES OF SEC. P. Co. P. Co. P. Co. S. Co. S. S. Co. S. S. Co. S. S. Co.

EMSL Analytical, Inc.

5950 Fairbanks N. Houston Rd, Houston, TX 77040 Phone: (713) 686-3635 Fax: (713) 686-3645 Web::www.emsl.com

